

MACHINE LEARNING GUIDED GENETIC ALGORITHM FOR THE DISCOVERY OF NOVEL ANTIMICROBIAL PEPTIDES MARKO NJIRJAK¹, ERIK OTOVIĆ¹, DANIELA KALAFATOVIĆ^{2,3}, GORAN MAUŠA^{1,3}

- Chemical search space grows exponentially with peptide length
- Principles that govern the activity of short peptides at the sequence level are unknown
- Advancements in artificial intelligence represent a novel way to explore chemical space
- Machine learning is increasingly used to address various challenges of peptide chemistry

RESULTS

Machine learning model for the detection of antimicrobial peptides

Model	Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F ₁	
Random Forest	88.9%	88.3%	87.0%	87.6%	

•The algorithm finds novel antimicrobial peptides in approximately 30 minutes

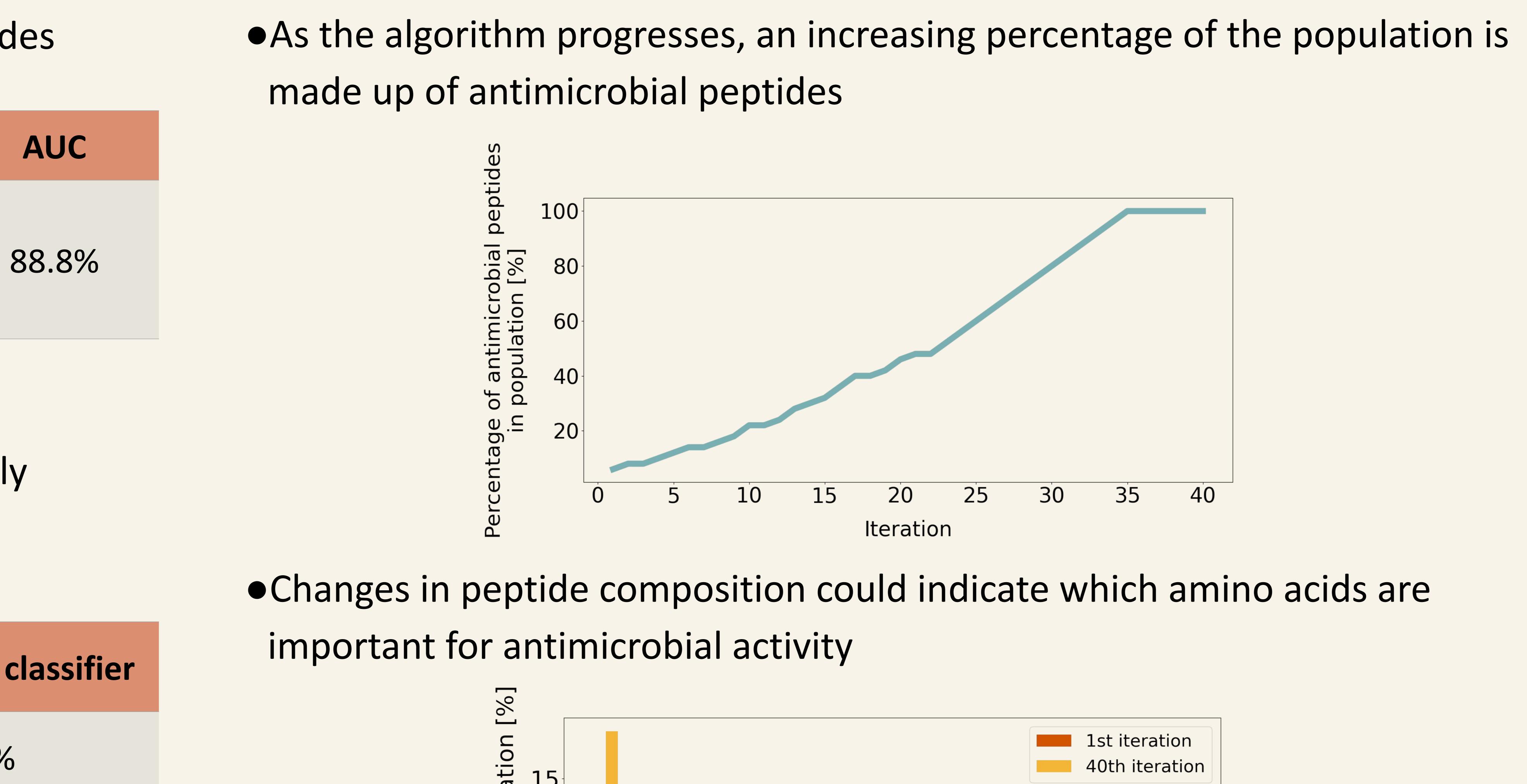
Peptide	Probability of AM activity	CAMP _{R3} RF C
ITIVPKKCKLLL	90%	96%
GTWAMDYGGPNLCRYFLNAKCWKCKRKHV	83%	81%
LQVLCEKKCAKKVRTCSK	82%	87%

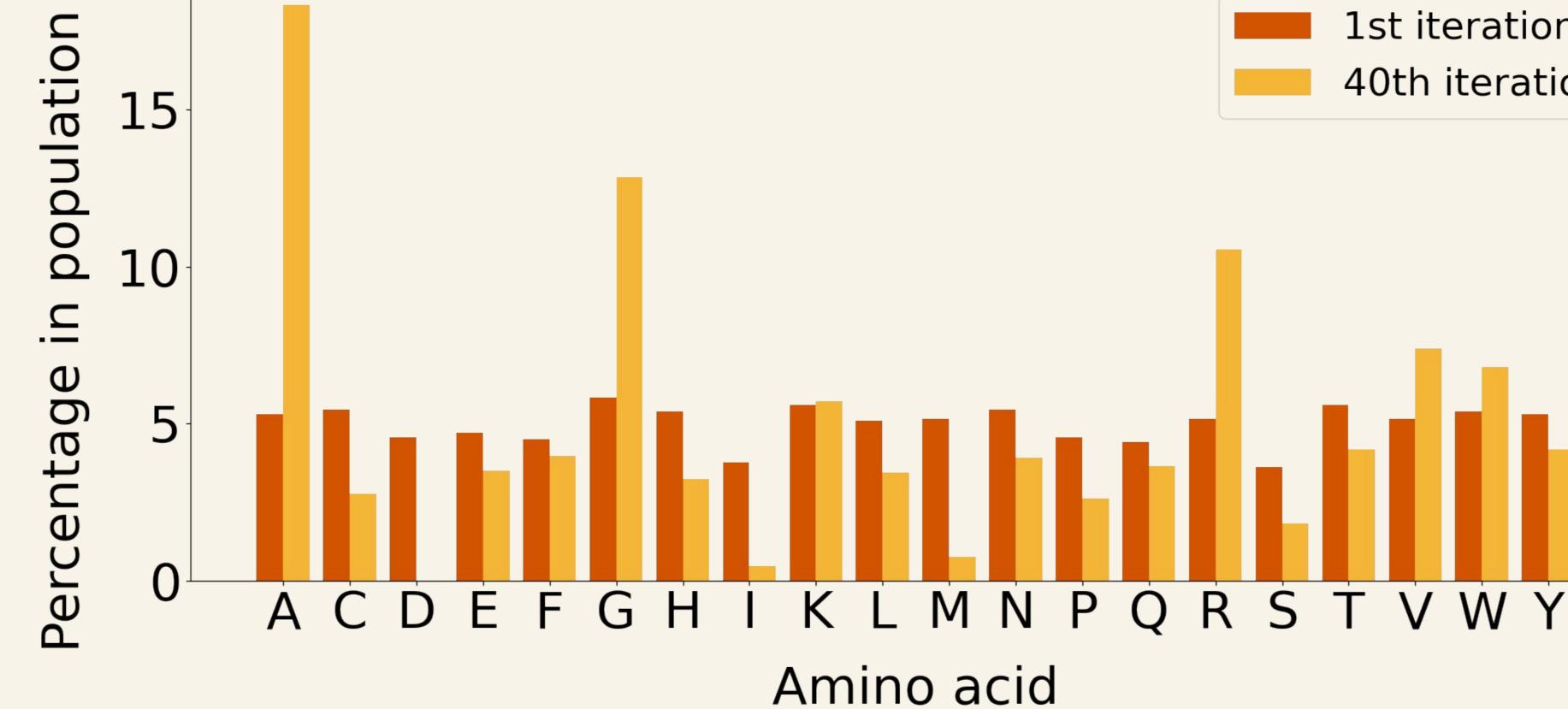


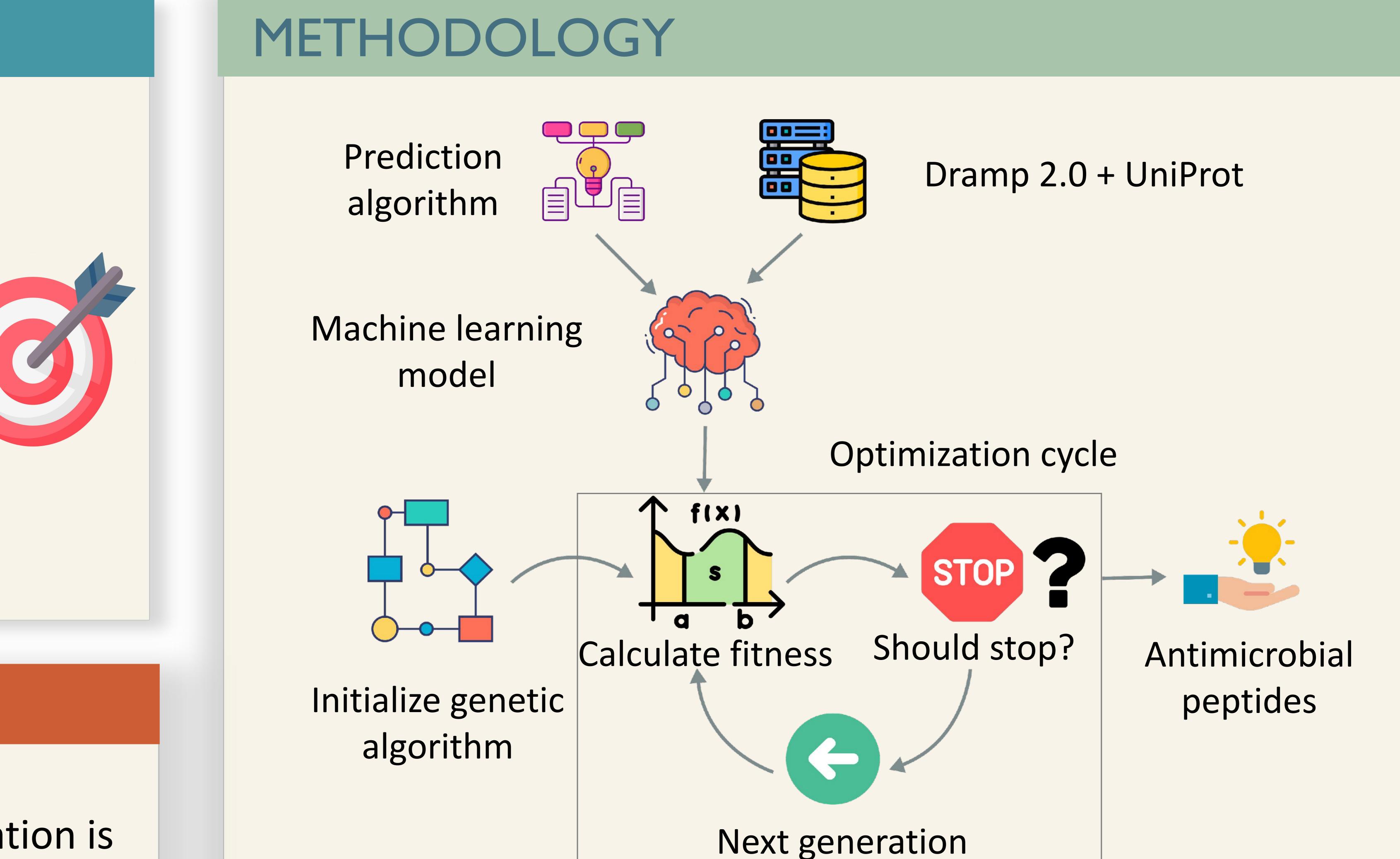
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GOAL

- •General goal: In silico discovery of de novo peptides with antimicrobial activity
- •First research question: How does change in amino acid composition affect peptide activity?
- Second research question: Can a genetic algorithm construct novel compounds with desired properties? If so, in what timespan?





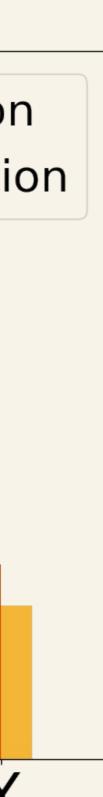


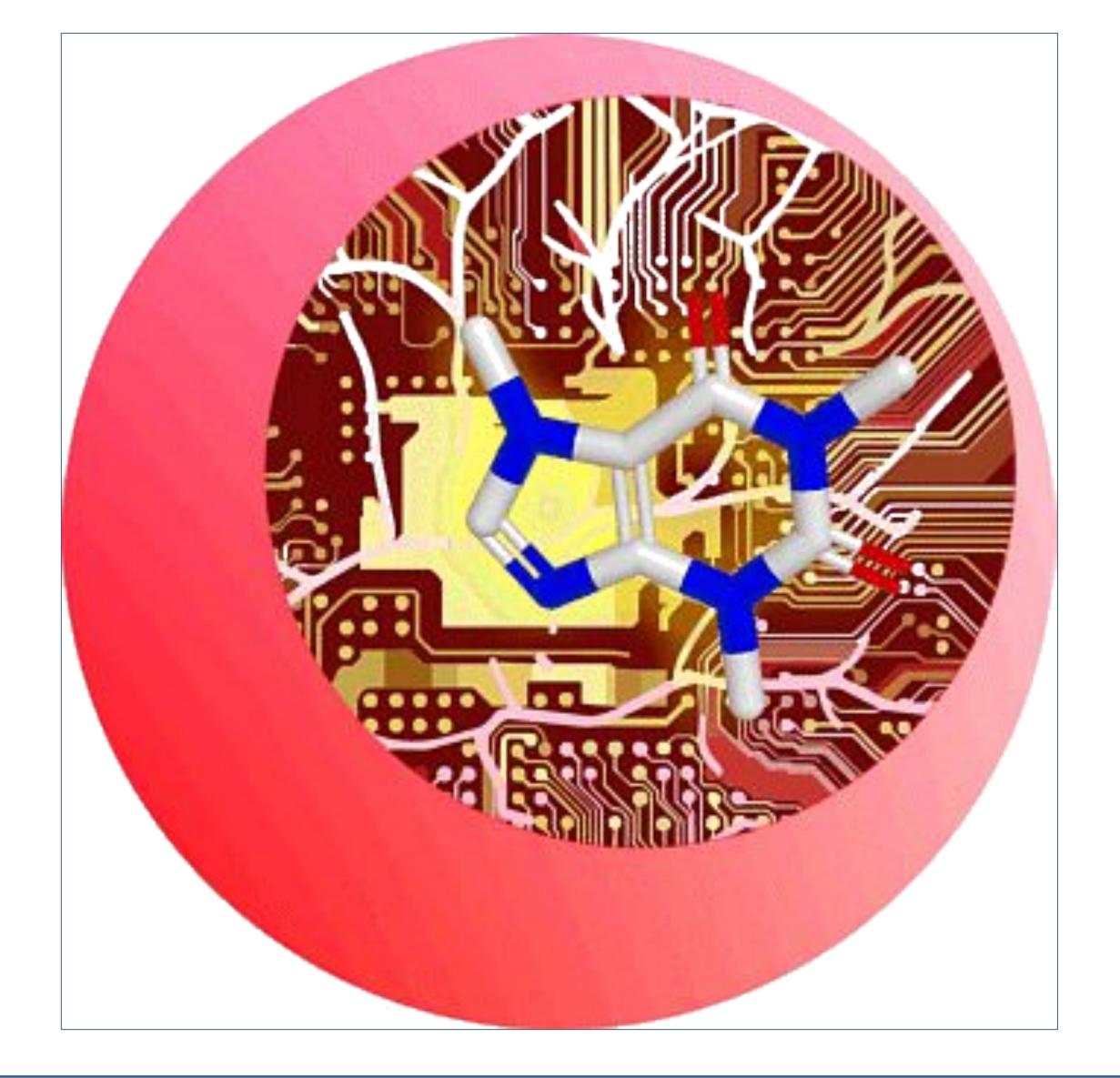
- Discovery of features important for activity
- Development of a decision support system for the design of new active peptides
- Experimental evaluation of the results
- Enhance algorithms to efficiently process sequences larger than 50 amino acids, and thus enable exploration of broader chemical spaces

PUBLICATIONS

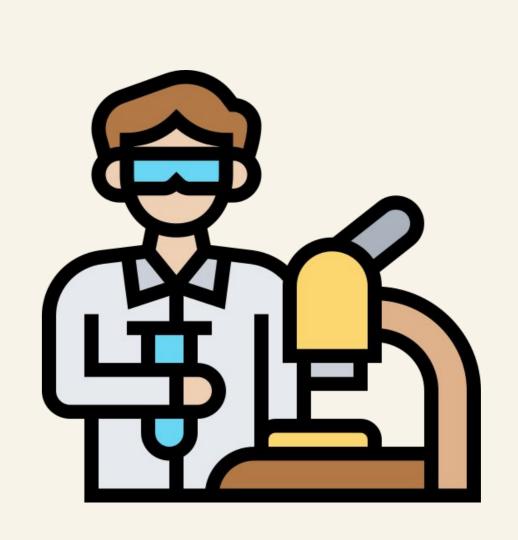
- •E. Otović, M. Njirjak, I. Žužić, D. Kalafatović, G. Mauša; Genetic Algorithm Parametrization for Informed Exploration of Short Peptides Chemical Space, Proceedings of SoftCOM 2020, pp. 1–3
- •D. Kalafatović, G. Mauša, T. Todorovski, E. Giralt; Algorithm-supported, mass and sequence diversity-oriented random peptide library design, Journal of cheminformatics, Vol. 11 (25), pp. 1–15, 2019







- 1.Train a machine learning model to detect antimicrobial peptides
- 1. Use the model as a fitness function of the genetic algorithm
- 1. Genetic algorithm performs a directed search of chemical space and finds novel antimicrobial peptides



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- Design of short catalytic peptides and peptide assemblies (Deshpet, grant no. UIP-2019-04-7999)
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